
ROTATING SHAFT WITH RADIAL PRESS DEVICE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of The Invention:

The present invention relates to a rotating shaft with radial press device,
5 and, particularly to a rotating shaft, which provides a function of automatic locking
or a function of anti-bounce.

2. Description of Related Art:

A consumptive electronic product with lifted lid such as a portable
computer, an electronic dictionary, ..., and so on mostly has a lower main unit to
10 pivotally connect with an upper lifted lid by way of a rotating shaft so that the lid can
be opened and shut relative to the main unit. Hence, the rotating shaft is an
important element to determine if the consumptive electronic product is good or
bad. In fact, an excellent rotating shaft has to keep in a state of being unloosened
in addition to an effect of standstill.

15 Generally, the friction generated from the rotating shaft can be classified
into two categories, the series connection mode and the fitting mode. The series
mode is so-called axial friction and the U.S. Patent No. 5,190,391 is a typical
example for the axial friction. It is noted that the axial friction is not the way adopted
in the present invention. The fitting mode of the friction is so-called radial friction
20 and the U.S. Patent No. 5,632,066 is a typical example for the radial friction. A
conventional way of radial friction mostly has a male connecting member laterally
extends a cylindrical rod and the rod has a horizontal groove at the center thereof.
A female connecting member has an axial hole to fit with the rod tightly such that a
friction torque generates between both the male connecting member and the
25 female connecting member such that the rotating shaft offers a basic function of
standstill. However, the prior art will become loose due to the wear-out at the
contact area between the cylindrical rod and the axial hole after using a period of

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time. Even more, it is not possible for the prior art to provide the function of automatic locking or the function of the anti-bounce.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide a rotating shaft with radial
5 press device, which comprises a cylindrical rod and at least a friction part. The
cylindrical rod extends from the rotating shaft and provides at least a milled face.
The friction part is a ring piece composed of a circular section and an arched
section and a gap is formed between the circular section and the arched section.
An axial hole is surrounded by both of the circular section and the arched section
10 for accommodating the cylindrical rod. Further, the arched section has a gradually
reduced inner radius. As soon as the cylindrical rod is tightly pressed by the arched
section, a position of standstill can be formed and when the milled face touches the
free end of the arched section, the cylindrical rod can moves in a direction so that
the milled face keeps contact with the free end of the arched section in a state of
15 locking automatically.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention can be more fully understood by reference to the
following description and accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a front view of a friction part of the rotating shaft with radial press
20 device according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a sectional view of a rotating shaft of the present invention
illustrating the rotating shaft associated with the friction part;

Fig. 3 is a sectional view similar to Fig. 2 illustrating the rotating shaft
being in a state of operation; and

25 Fig. 4 is a sectional view similar to Fig. 2 illustrating the rotating shaft
having moved an angular displacement.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring to Figs. 1 to 4, a rotating shaft with a radial press device according to the present invention comprises a shaft part 1 and at least a friction part 2.

5 Wherein, the shaft part 1 (it is known and not shown) at an end thereof connects with an article such as a screen and at another end thereof transversely extends a cylindrical rod 11 for being inserted into an axial hole 24 of the friction part 2 and forming a circumferential contact. The difference of the cylindrical rod 11 from the conventional ones is in that at least a milled face 12 at the periphery
10 thereof is provided.

 The friction part 2 can be flat or cylindrical and connects with another article such as a main unit. The friction part 2 is composed of a circular section 21 and an arched section 22 with a gradually reduced radius and a gap 23 is between
15 the circular section 21 and the arched section 22. Both of the circular section 21 and the arched section 22 surround the axial hole 24 so that the axial hole 24 can be inserted with and accommodates the cylindrical rod 11. Besides, the circular section 21 at the circumference thereof extends a fitting part 25 and the fitting part 25 has a shape of reversed T as shown in the figures to fit with an engaging groove in a bearing seat (it is conventional and not shown). In this way, a plurality of flatly
20 shaped friction parts 2 can be fixedly attached to the bearing seat in a way of series connection so that the circular section 21 and the arched section 22 are covered in the bearing seat for offering a function of radial press.

 Referring to Figs. 2 and 3, as soon as the cylindrical rod 11 moves to a free end of the arched section 22, the arched section 22 can shrink due to an
25 elastically restoring function so as to push the milled face 12 such that the cylindrical rod 11 can move clockwise to contact with the free end of the arched section 22 at the gap 23 and to be fixedly located in place. In this way, two articles, for example, being in a state of closing can be locked. Accordingly, the cylindrical

rod 11 can be forced to rotate in a direction by a moment of force resulting from the elasticity of the arched section 22 so that a reversed rotation of the cylindrical rod 11 is prohibited. If it is required for the cylindrical rod 11 to rotate inversely, a greater moment of force has to have for overcoming a resistant force at both of the milled face 12 and the arched section before the cylindrical rod 11 can rotate counterclockwise.

Referring to Fig. 4, when the milled face 12 passes over the free end of the arched section 22, the cylindrical rod 11 at the circumference thereof is tightly pressed by the arched section 22 such that a friction torque can generate, that is, the cylindrical rod 11 can provide a position of standstill to allow two articles being in a state of opening to each other.

It is appreciated from the foregoing that the rotating shaft with radial press device according to the present invention provides a milled face on a cylindrical rod to move relative to an arched section of a friction part such that an automatic locking can be obtained while two articles are shut to each other. The arrangement of the present invention is suitable for a consumptive electronic product such as a notebook computer or a translation dictionary, which is not provided with catch device, so that the design and development costs for extra components can be saved and the assembly job can be reduced greatly due to the anti-bounce function of the present invention. Further, the friction torque generated due to the arrangement of the present invention can be increased or decreased in accordance with the number of the friction part and the entire length of the cylindrical rod to comply with the need of customer. In addition, it does not have to have one milled face on the cylindrical only so that multiple milled faces can be used for positioning two articles during opening or closing effectively. Furthermore, the inner diameter of the circular section can be smaller than the diameter of the cylindrical rod so as to increase the friction torque.

While the invention has been described with reference to a preferred embodiment thereof, it is to be understood that modifications or variations may be

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easily made without departing from the spirit of this invention, which is defined in the appended claims.

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